THE DAILIES

BBC world news Brexit logo

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"Either he backs Brexit, or the people"
Theresa May's quote

WHERE is brexit leading us?

Definition of Brexit:

The withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union. "The report warned that Brexit would reduce EU's potential GDP."

en.oxforddictionaries.com



Theresa May discussing with Jean-Claude Junker.

ALL THE POSSIBLE DEALS FOR THE BREXIT

HARD BREXIT:

Jacob Rees-Mogg and lots of conservative MPs love the hard Brexit, it would make a definitive split with the EU. Hard Brexit will leave important things behind such as: single market, custom unions and the European court of justice. The UK will have more freedom and will be able to create its own rules and regulations and could make trade deals with other countries. There will be positive impacts on British business but negative impacts on companies that rely on the EU.

NO DEAL:

The European union predicts that if the UK doesn't find a deal in time, then the UK will be in an economic crash. The effect will cause chaos such as: food shortage and leave the hospitals with no medical supply.

SOFT BREXIT:

Because of soft Brexit few things will change, the UK will stay in the single market and customs The British union. businesses will be different from the one from the hard Brexit. Some say that soft Brexit will make the UK miss out on the ability of making trade deals on its own. There will be minor changes for a border situation Northern Ireland less demand for a hard Border. Soft Brexit could create political turmoil.

CHEQUERS DEAL:

Theresa May needs the support of as many MPs as possible in order to get a deal so she came up with a plan to appeal to both sides. The UK will stay cozy with the EU with a lot of things such as trading goods which would avoid tariffs and delays. The government also want a bit of freedom particularly when it comes to striking new trade deals with other countries all around the world, as for Northern Ireland, Theresa May might be able to avoid a hard border, under the chequers deal everyone would still have their rights protected.

Education disadvantages:

To get in a university in the UK, a normal person will be charged above 20 000 pounds/year. If you are a UK citizen and you have lived more than 4 years in Europe, you will be charged no more than 11 000 pounds. After the Brexit the situation may change and be unstable. It all lies in the hands of Theresa May.

Advantages:

After the Brexit, there will be a better education standard.



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